

**SPEAKER: Alexander Friedland (T2, LANL)**

**TITLE: Flavor oscillations of supernova neutrinos**

**ABSTRACT:**

A core-collapse supernova is sometimes described as a gravity-powered neutrino bomb: the energy equal to about a tenth of the rest mass of the Sun is emitted in a burst of  $10^{58}$  neutrinos on the timescale of several seconds. On their way out, these neutrinos undergo rather nontrivial flavor transformations. I will give an overview of this process, focusing on a couple of effects that particularly interest me at the moment: the impacts of the turbulence and neutrino “self-interactions”.